

# Morrison & Foerster Client Alert

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## California Requires Notice for Breaches Involving User Names and Passwords

By Nathan D. Taylor

On September 27, California Governor Brown once again signed into law a bill amending the state's breach law ("S.B. 46"). This latest amendment is particularly significant because it represents the first major effort by a state to require notice to consumers of breaches involving the types of information that consumers use to access online accounts.<sup>1</sup> Historically, the focus of the state breach laws has been on the types of personal information that could be used to commit identity theft or fraud, such as Social Security numbers, driver's license numbers and financial account numbers. California has now tailored its law to recognize the significance and sensitivity of the information that consumers use to access their online accounts. Although it is not clear the extent to which other states may follow California's lead, S.B. 46 represents a significant progression in the evolution of state breach laws.

### S.B. 46, THE CALIFORNIA BREACH AMENDMENT

S.B. 46 amends the state breach law's definition of "personal information" to cover certain types of consumer online credentialing and authentication information. Specifically, S.B. 46 provides that, effective January 1, 2014, "[a] user name or email address, in combination with a password or security question and answer that would permit access to an online account" is considered "personal information" for purposes of the state's breach law.

Unlike the other types of "personal information" covered by the California law, the combination of an individual's user name or e-mail address and password or security questions/answers is considered "personal information" even if that information does not also include and is not combined with the individual's name.

In addition, S.B. 46 does not limit the types of online accounts covered by this provision. That is, access information for all online accounts would be covered equally, regardless of the sensitivity of the underlying accounts. For example, a user name and password that would provide online access to an online banking account, e-mail account, social media account or online shopping account would

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<sup>1</sup> As a technical matter, California is not the first state to cover at least some of this information. The Puerto Rico breach law applies with respect to an individual's name in combination with a user name and password for a private information system. Also, the North Carolina breach law applies with respect to an individual's name in combination with e-mail address, but only if the e-mail address would permit access to the individual's financial account or resources.

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each be considered “personal information” for purposes of the California law. The California legislature’s approach appears to assume that user names and passwords for any type of account should be considered sensitive because many consumers use the same user name and password combination for multiple online accounts, even if that may not be appropriate.

S.B. 46, however, does provide companies with some flexibility regarding how they can provide notice to consumers of a breach involving this type of online account access information. Specifically, S.B. 46 provides that if a company experiences a breach involving online account access information and no other type of “personal information,” the company may provide a notice of the breach “in electronic or other form that directs the [consumer] promptly to change his or her password and security question or answer, as applicable, or to take other steps appropriate to protect the online account with the [company] and all other online accounts for which the [consumer] uses the same” access information. However, if the compromised information provides access to an e-mail account provided by the company, the company may not provide notice to that e-mail address. Instead, the company can provide notice, for example, by mail or by providing a clear and conspicuous notice that is delivered to a consumer online when the consumer connects to her online account “from an Internet Protocol address or online location from which the [company] knows the [consumer] customarily accesses the account.”

## PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS FOR BUSINESSES

In light of S.B. 46, it is important for companies to consider the potential impacts of the amendment on their business.

- Security incidents involving online account access information have begun to occur with greater frequency. Over the past several years, a number of highly public incidents have occurred involving user names and passwords regarding which businesses have provided notice to their customers. These notices, however, have been “voluntary” and not required by law. S.B. 46 changes the legal analysis, at least with respect to information relating to residents of California.
- Potentially most important among the factors that companies should consider is how they maintain, store and secure online account user names, passwords and security questions/answers. Even if a company maintains a consumer-facing website with online “accounts” that are not particularly sensitive, that company may be required to provide notice, at least to California residents, regarding breaches involving the information used by consumers to access those accounts. As a result, any company that maintains such a website should consider whether its existing security is appropriate or whether it should heighten the security for this type of information in order to avoid a potential legal obligation to notify.

While California is the most recent state to tweak the types of personal information covered under the state’s breach law, it undoubtedly will not be the last. Businesses should be cognizant of the ever-changing state landscape, and, in the event of the breach, determine any applicable requirements, including whether the incident involves the types of personal information covered under the various state laws.

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